

Netzwerkanalyse Sommersemester 2014 Assignment 6

Task 1 Graphs and Graph Generators

In this task you will generate 4 connected Graphs with each 1000 nodes and about 3000 edges.

1. Barabasi-Albert graph (`nx.barabasi_albert_graph(...)`) (Power Law)
2. Erdos Renyie graph (`nx.erdos_renyi_graph(...)`) (Random Graph)
3. Watts Strogatz graph (`nx.connected_watts_strogatz_graph(...)`) (Clustering)
4. a highly clustered graph you generated yourself

a) Generate the four graphs and verify that they are all connected.

b) Plot their degree distributions in a log-log plot. Does plot for the Barabasi-Albert graph show a linear line?

c) Print basic graph statistics for each graph.

- Number of Edges
- Diameter
- Radius
- Average Shortest Path Length
- Average Clustering Coefficient
- Assortativity Coefficient (degree)
- Degree Pearson Correlaton Coefficient

d) Write a function to increase assortativity that keeps the graph connected. Plot the related graph statistics again. Plot again the degree distributions in a log-log plot.

e) Write a function to decrease assortativity that keeps the graph connected. Plot the related graph statistics again. Plot again the degree distributions in a log-log plot.

f) Compute the betweenness centrality and eigenvector centrality for each graph. This results in a dictionary with node as index and centrality as value. Print the maximum values for each centrality. Check if the corresponding node is in the center of the graph (`nx.center(..)`) and print two example values for nodes in the center and nodes in the periphery (`nx.periphery(...)`).